

## SUFFOCATING ON THE TOP FLOOR.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Four families live in the flat house at 2143 Third avenue. A dumb waiter runs from the cellar to the roof.

Whittle's family, on the third floor, had to crawl through the hall and down stairs on their hands and knees to escape the smoke.

Widow Mary Adams on the top floor is sixty years of age and was in bed with a broken leg. The men of Truck 14 ran up the ladder to her window and broke in. Firemen

Joseph J. Nymphius groped in the smoke and found Mrs. Adams unconscious. He got her to the window and two men carried her down the ladder. She recovered consciousness in the fresh air.

men Thomas Kennedy, of Engine Company 85, ran up the stairs through the smoke and flame. He reached the top floor with his face and hands scorched, and broke open the door.

first door he came to. William Siekell, a sick boarder in Mrs. Adams' flat, lay there apparently lifeless. Kennedy got him on his shoulders and carried him to the street. Siekell was burned about the face and neck, but will recover.

**All Lands in the United States.**  
MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 25.—An important case has been decided in the United States circuit court by Judge Howell E. Jackson. The question arose under the law of congress of June 7, 1832 and February 6, 1833, imposing a direct tax on all lands in the United States and appointing commissioners to collect the same in the insurrectionary states. The commissioners established a rule which virtually confiscated the property of a

who were in the Confederate army. The rule provided that where the owner did not offer to pay the tax himself he would not be permitted to do so through any agent or friend.

Under the operation of the rule many southern people were deprived of their property and their land sold to sharks who were on hand for the purpose of buying. The

case decided was that of W. J. Smith vs. McNeil. Judge Jackson held that wherever it could be shown that the above mentioned rule was enforced at sales made under the act are void and a tender of payment by the owner through an agent was unnecessary, and it would have been of no avail. Therefore he gave judgment for defendant McNeil whose lands had been purchased by plaintiff.

**Liberty's Torch Aight Again.**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—As the sun went down behind a bank of clay colored clouds in New Jersey Monday afternoon, the gun at Castle William fired a salute in honor of Gen. Arthur. Mistaking the first gun of the salute for the sunset gun, the engineer ordered

Bedloe's band started the dynamo, and the powerful light in the torch of Liberty shone out like the evening star in the twilight sky. When the signal gun was fired some ten minutes later, the electric lights in the angles of the parapet threw their glare upon the granite pedestal. For two weeks the Liberty has enlightened the world only in the daytime, but the authorities at Washington having a

last reached the matter in the course of business, determined promptly that the government should pay for the light. During the fortnight in which the statue has been under an official snuffer a coal house has been built and sleeping quarters have been provided for the men required to run the boilers and the dynamo.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 25.—A special from Mount Pleasant, Mo., says: A difficulty occurred among the men in this place between Peter Hahn and Samuel O'Neil, in which O'Neil received four flesh wounds and Hahn was shot through the heart and instantly killed. A dozen or more shots were fired in a crowded room, and several were wounded in the melee, among the Washington Greenguns and John Deutsches.

**Blackleg Among Cattle.**  
MARSHALL, Ill., Nov. 25.—Farmers living along Big Bear Creek are very much alarmed at the ravages being made among their cattle by blackleg.

by a disease resembling blackleg. None older than a year are affected by the disease which is very sudden in its effects, the victims stricken in the evening rarely living beyond the next morning. The lugs are found to be badly swollen and black. In all cases yet examined post mortem, the brain of the calf was found dried and shriveled up. The disease is rapid in its spread and nothing could be found to check it.

**The New Consul to Sheffield.**  
BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 25.—Benjamin F. Folsom, the new consul to Sheffield, has left for Washington to receive his final instructions before sailing from New York for England on Saturday, on the steamer City of Chicago. Mr. Folsom declined a banquet at the City club because his health is not good. He will

however, bidden farewell by DISTRICT ATTORNEY Daniel Lockwood, Judge Stearns, John B. Sackett, the candidate for postmaster, Norman E. Mack, and other Democratic politicians. Mr. Folson did not get married before he went, although a wedding was expected.

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**Virginia's Debt.**  
 RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 25.—Governor I

**The McGuire Jury.**  
NEW YORK, Nov. 25. — The jury in the McGuire trial have disagreed and been discharged. They stood nine to three in favor of acquittal.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

ROSSER & MCCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

THURSDAY EVE., NOV. 25, 1886.

PAYETTE County has 10,583 children of school age.

The liquor men of this State will hold a convention in Louisville on the 18th of next month.

The river is rising again at headwaters, and another shipment of 3,500,000 bushels of coal will be sent out from Pittsburgh.

There are forty-five survivors of the war of 1812 in this State and not more than two of them reside in any one county.

This postoffice question is being revived at Lexington. What is probable there will likely be a few more sore-headed Democrats to sulk, and swear at Cleveland.

MR. DAN E. O'SULLIVAN is now editor-in-chief of the Louisville Commercial and Mr. Frank W. Gregory will be managing editor. It will continue as an independent journal.

HON. JOSEPH DANIEL PICKETT, the present efficient and untiring Superintendent of Public Instruction, is a candidate for re-election. These who desire to figure on the outlook can put Mason County down for Mr. Pickett, and they will have it just about right.

Local option went into effect at Carlisle last April, but the statement is made that more liquor is sold there now, "on the sly," than ever before. It is also remarked by an exchange that high license would carry there now by a big majority. Does prohibition prohibit?

E. D. COLEMAN, Topeka, Kansas, has used the Adams Express Company for \$30,000 damages, because their detectives arrested him and searched his house when he was sick with fever, on suspicion that he was "Jim Cummings," the robber who got away with \$75,000 of their money last month.

A SPECIAL FROM Flemingsburg, says: "In Menfies, Morgan, and several other mountain counties a man, passing himself off as Frank James, turned preacher, is attracting hundreds of eager listeners. His resemblance to the ex-outlaw is so great that no talk can persuade the mountaineers that he is a 'bogus'."

It is a matter of regret that the Legislature of Indiana is so close. The small majority opens the way for fraud and corruption, and there is no telling what the Republicans will resort to and how much "boodle" they will squander to re-elect Senator Ben Harrison. They are desperate and will resort to desperate methods.

The cry from the Republican party in Indiana is something like "stop, thief," just now, and the matter would be amusing were it not for the gravity of the situation. They are evidently yelling from the Democrats to draw their attention from their own desperate attempts to overcome the majority of two against them on joint ballot.

As exchange remarks that "the wealth of this State does not consist, as many seem to think, in fine stock, old whiskey and blue-grass lands, but in coal, iron, marble, stone, oil and timber, all of which exist in abundance in the mountain districts of the State. The iron and coal are in very large and their qualities superior in many respects to similar products of other localities. The timber area is also immense and the species growing therein of a very desirable and diversified character. Some of these days Eastern Kentucky will assume a far different position in the regard of business men to that which it now occupies. The wealth is there awaiting development."

(Continued.)  
What One of Mayville's Musical Critics Says of the First Regiment Concert.

Notwithstanding the very unfavorable weather which preceded the concert on November 22nd, a large and exceptionally select audience greeted the appearance of A. H. Knoll and the Excelsior Quartette at the first grand concert of the First Regiment Band at the opera-house. The entire performance was highly enjoyable, and the audience gave unstinted evidence of their appreciation. Mr. Knoll, as a cornetist, may justly claim rivalry with Levy. The Quartette in perfection, their rendering of the celebrated quartette "Remember now thy Creator," was a treat never to be forgotten. The orchestra played in perfect harmony and gave very great satisfaction. A pleasant episode of the evening was the appearance upon the stage of the "Knights of Hygiene," who wore the most brilliant uniform. They went through the most intricate evolutions with more than military precision and their appearance was greeted with evidence of unbounded pleasure by the audience. Much credit is due Mr. A. H. Knoll, who as instructor of the band and the projector of that evening's entertainment, has shown great evidence of his ability as an "instructor." "BUCK."

WEALTH OF THE PRESIDENTS.

Washington's. Highest-Jefferson's. Lowest-Lincoln's. President Grant's salary. Of the earlier presidents Washington was the wealthiest. When he died his estate at a moderate valuation was worth \$300,000. Adams was a poor man, but independent in his last years, thanks to the good management of his wife. Jefferson was wealthy when he became president, but lost his property and died insolvent. His home was sold, and his daughter was saved from want by the generosity of South Carolina, which gave her \$40,000. Congress bought his library, and with the proceeds his debts were paid. All of his descendants are poor. Madison left a handsome property, and was wealthy when president. Congress bought his manuscript papers, paying \$30,000 for them. Mrs. Madison's son, Payne Todd, squandered her money, and in a few years after her husband's death she was poor. His estate was valued at \$900,000 in 1810.

James Monroe died insolvent. He sold his Virginia estate after the death of his wife, and died in New York. John Quincy Adams left \$50,000. His successor, Andrew Jackson, was a rich man for his day. The Hermitage, which he built for his adopted son, is now the property of the State. Martin Van Buren left a fine estate valued at \$300,000.

James K. Polk left about half this amount, and, as he had no children to make use of it, his widow has enjoyed it since his death. John Tyler was not a rich man, though he owned a fine farm in Virginia and a number of slaves, but he was a large family and was so long in public life that he went to the White House poor. What he saved in office enabled him to live in comfort afterward. His second wife had money, and their eight children were well educated.

Mr. Fillmore, by a sound marriage, became a wealthy man.

Franklin Pierce left no child to inherit his property, which was valued at \$50,000. President Buchanan was worth \$300,000, which he gave to his nephews and niece. Abraham Lincoln's estate was valued at \$75,000.

Andrew Johnson had \$150,000 when he left the White House. A part of this amount was lost by the failure of the Freedmen's bank.

President Grant never had money until he became lieutenant general. His salary and the generous gifts of his friends made him a millionaire. All of his property was lost in the Great Ward failure. His wife is independent again through the sale of his book.

Hayes is very wealthy.

The gift to Mr. Garfield made her rich. Her husband lost a small property, worth not more than \$40,000.

Ex-President Arthur is worth about \$30,000.

Cleveland has about the same amount.—New York Sun.

INHUMAN CRUELTY.

The Brutal Treatment a Colored Woman Receives From Her Husband.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 25.—A colored woman recently killed, hanged, and buried with her hands tied heavily with a rope which cut into the flesh, made her appearance yesterday morning at the sheriff's office, and narrated a tale of inhuman cruelty. Her name is Georgina Baker. She lives five miles from the city on the Cooper plantation. While getting water from the well, her husband, Harry Baker, a notorious negro, became enraged at her, knocked her down and beat her frightfully.

Late in the evening he again attacked her, threw her down and tying her hands with a rope dragged her to a tree in the woods, fastened her to it and left her exposed to the storm. After some hours she managed to eat through the rope which bound her body and got free, but her hands were so badly injured that she was unable to travel through the woods to the city, being afraid to take the road for fear of meeting her husband. A warrant has been issued for Baker's arrest. The negroes are indignant over the brutal outrage and threaten to make it hot for Baker if they get him. The condition of the woman is pitiable.

Supremacy in the Anarchist Cause.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Nov. 25.—Application for a subpoena in the case of Spies, Parsons, and Engel, charged with the conspiracy to assassinate President Grant, was made to Justice Scott, of the Illinois supreme court, this afternoon, by Leonard Swart and Capt. B. J. Smith. The brief of the pages, and their bulky record of the trial, consisting of 8,000 type-written pages, were submitted without oral argument. Counsel not only hoped but believed that an examination of the record would convince the judge that a subpoena should be granted, to the effect that the defendants might be sworn the question of having a new trial passed upon by the supreme court, after due presentation of the errors assigned, had been made. Justice Scott then said that he would receive the record and brief, and give them an immediate examination.

Regretting the Death of Hoxie.

GALESVILLE, Nov. 25.—A general feeling of depression and sorrow has been caused here by the intelligence of the death of H. M. Hoxie. Expressions of deep regret and sympathy are heard on all sides. The news, in a highly eulogistic article, says: "To the laboring man there was no better friend than Herbert M. Hoxie. In his way no one ever did more for the laboring class, for the interests of humanity, than he, or with less ostentation. In the death of Mr. Hoxie, Texas lost a noble and true friend, and the cause of the laborer for the general advancement of the development of her resources, and settlement and civilization of her wild territory, can hardly be overestimated. It is really too much to say that in the same period he did more toward these objects, by his sincere solicitude and arduous as well as judicious labor for the general advancement of Texas, than the sum of the state's legislation and judicial action."

A Litigious Assignment.

CHICAGO, Nov. 26.—William Hayden, the furniture and desk manufacturer, 103 Wash. avenue, made an assignment this morning to Robert Mather, the attorney. No schedule was filed and the amount of the liabilities and assets is unknown. The concern was an extensive one, the Hayden building being a standard article all over the country.

Indiana Core Crop.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 25.—Reports received at the state board of agriculture indicate that the corn crop of Indiana will not be as large as it has been for several years. The southern half will be an average one, but in the northern half the crop was injured by late frosts and winds.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 25.—Daniel Brown, convicted of forgery in the famous Duane-Brown case, has been discharged from custody on payment of bond that he would not return to the state until he has been fully reformed.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee, W. B.	12 1/2
Mocha, new crop, per gal.	10 1/2
Robusta, old crop, per gal.	10 1/2
Golden Syrup.	30
Sugar, Fancy New York.	5 1/2
Sugar, yellow W. B.	5 1/2
Sugar, extra No. 1, W. B.	5 1/2
Sugar, granulated W. B.	5 1/2
Sugar, powdered, per lb.	5 1/2
Sugar, New Orleans, W. B.	5 1/2
Meal, No. 1.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 2.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 3.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 4.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 5.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 6.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 7.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 8.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 9.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 10.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 11.	10 1/2
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Meal, No. 98.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 99.	10 1/2
Meal, No. 100.	10 1/2

AS A S. L.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.

We hereby certify that we have prepared the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person management and control of the same.

J. H. GILBERT, Pres. Louisiana National Bank, J. W. KILBRETH, Pres. State Nat'l Bank, A. H. WALTON, Pres. N. O. National Bank.

Unprecedented attraction! OVER HALF A MILLION distributed!

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lottery, and we will be present at our counters.

J. H. GILBERT, Pres. Louisiana National Bank, J. W. KILBRETH, Pres. State Nat'l Bank, A. H. WALTON, Pres. N. O. National Bank.

Unprecedented attraction! OVER HALF A MILLION distributed!

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Long established lottery company, authorized by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, with a capital of \$1,000,000, to which a reserve fund of over \$500,000 has been added.

By an extraordinary popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution, and it is now a permanent establishment.

Look at the following distribution: 1 GRAND PRIZE of \$100,000; 2 GRAND PRIZES of \$50,000 each; 3 GRAND PRIZES of \$25,000 each; 4 GRAND PRIZES of \$10,000 each; 5 GRAND PRIZES of \$5,000 each; 10 GRAND PRIZES of \$2,500 each; 20 GRAND PRIZES of \$1,000 each; 40 GRAND PRIZES of \$500 each; 80 GRAND PRIZES of \$250 each; 160 GRAND PRIZES of \$125 each; 320 GRAND PRIZES of \$62.50 each; 640 GRAND PRIZES of \$31.25 each; 1,280 GRAND PRIZES of \$15.62 each; 2,560 GRAND PRIZES of \$7.81 each; 5,120 GRAND PRIZES of \$3.90 each; 10,240 GRAND PRIZES of \$1.95 each; 20,480 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.97 each; 40,960 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.49 each; 81,920 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.24 each; 163,840 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.12 each; 327,680 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.06 each; 655,360 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.03 each; 1,310,720 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.01 each; 2,621,440 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.005 each; 5,242,880 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.002 each; 10,485,760 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.001 each; 20,971,520 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0005 each; 41,943,040 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0002 each; 83,886,080 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0001 each; 167,772,160 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00005 each; 335,544,320 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00002 each; 671,088,640 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00001 each; 1,342,177,280 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000005 each; 2,684,354,560 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000002 each; 5,368,709,120 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000001 each; 10,737,418,240 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000005 each; 21,474,836,480 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000002 each; 42,949,672,960 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000001 each; 85,899,345,920 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000005 each; 171,798,691,840 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000002 each; 343,597,383,680 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000001 each; 687,194,767,360 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000005 each; 1,374,389,534,720 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000002 each; 2,748,779,069,440 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000001 each; 5,497,558,138,880 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000005 each; 10,995,116,277,760 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000002 each; 21,990,232,555,520 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000001 each; 43,980,465,111,040 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000005 each; 87,960,930,222,080 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000002 each; 175,921,860,444,160 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000001 each; 351,843,720,888,320 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000005 each; 703,687,441,776,640 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000002 each; 1,407,374,883,553,280 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000001 each; 2,814,749,767,106,560 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000005 each; 5,629,499,534,213,120 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000002 each; 11,258,999,068,426,240 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000001 each; 22,517,998,136,852,480 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000005 each; 45,035,996,273,704,960 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000002 each; 90,071,992,547,409,920 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000001 each; 180,143,985,094,819,840 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000005 each; 360,287,970,189,639,680 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000002 each; 720,575,940,379,279,360 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000001 each; 1,441,151,880,758,558,720 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000005 each; 2,882,303,761,517,117,440 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000002 each; 5,764,607,523,034,234,880 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000001 each; 11,529,215,046,068,469,760 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000005 each; 23,058,430,092,136,939,520 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000002 each; 46,116,860,184,273,879,040 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000001 each; 92,233,720,368,547,758,080 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000005 each; 184,467,440,737,095,516,160 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000002 each; 368,934,881,474,191,032,320 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000001 each; 737,869,762,948,382,064,640 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000005 each; 1,475,739,525,896,764,129,280 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000002 each; 2,951,479,051,793,528,258,560 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000001 each; 5,902,958,103,587,056,517,120 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000005 each; 11,805,916,207,174,113,034,240 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000002 each; 23,611,832,414,348,226,068,480 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000001 each; 47,223,664,828,696,452,136,960 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000005 each; 94,447,329,657,392,904,273,920 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000002 each; 188,894,659,314,785,808,547,840 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000001 each; 377,789,318,629,571,617,095,680 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000005 each; 755,578,637,259,143,234,191,360 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000002 each; 1,511,157,274,518,286,468,382,720 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000001 each; 3,022,314,549,036,572,936,765,440 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000005 each; 6,044,629,098,073,145,873,530,880 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000002 each; 12,089,258,196,146,291,747,061,760 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000001 each; 24,178,516,392,292,583,494,123,520 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000005 each; 48,357,032,784,585,166,988,247,040 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000002 each; 96,714,065,569,170,333,976,494,080 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000001 each; 193,428,131,138,340,667,952,988,160 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000000005 each; 386,856,262,276,681,335,905,976,320 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000000002 each; 773,712,524,553,362,671,811,952,640 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000000001 each; 1,547,425,049,106,725,343,623,905,280 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000000005 each; 3,094,850,098,213,450,687,247,810,560 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000000002 each; 6,189,700,196,426,901,374,495,621,120 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000000001 each; 12,379,400,392,853,802,748,991,242,240 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000000005 each; 24,758,800,785,707,605,497,982,484,480 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000000002 each; 49,517,601,571,415,210,995,964,968,960 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000000001 each; 99,035,203,142,830,421,991,929,937,920 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000000000005 each; 198,070,406,285,660,843,983,859,875,840 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000000000002 each; 396,140,812,571,321,687,967,719,751,680 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.0000000000000000000000000001 each; 792,281,625,142,643,375,935,439,503,360 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000000000005 each; 1,584,563,250,285,286,751,870,878,006,720 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000000000002 each; 3,169,126,500,570,573,503,741,756,013,440 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.00000000000000000000000000001 each; 6,338,253,001,141,147,007,483,512,026,880 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000000000005 each; 12,676,506,002,282,294,014,967,024,053,760 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000000000002 each; 25,353,012,004,564,588,029,934,048,107,520 GRAND PRIZES of \$0.000000000000000000000000000001 each; 50,706,024,009,129,176,059,868,096,215,040 GRAND PRIZES of





